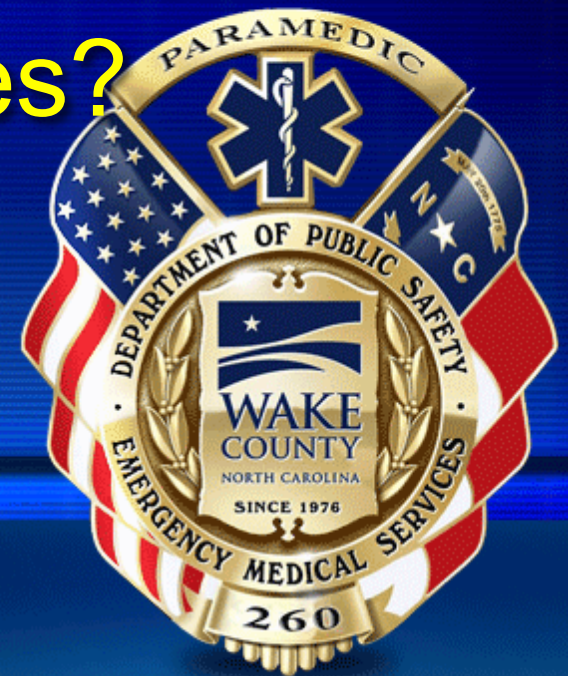


# Taking the Fall: Can We Treat and Release Those in Assisted Living Facilities?

J. Brent Myers, MD MPH  
Director  
Wake County Dept of EMS  
Raleigh, NC







# Calls



# Falls





# And Big Brass Balls



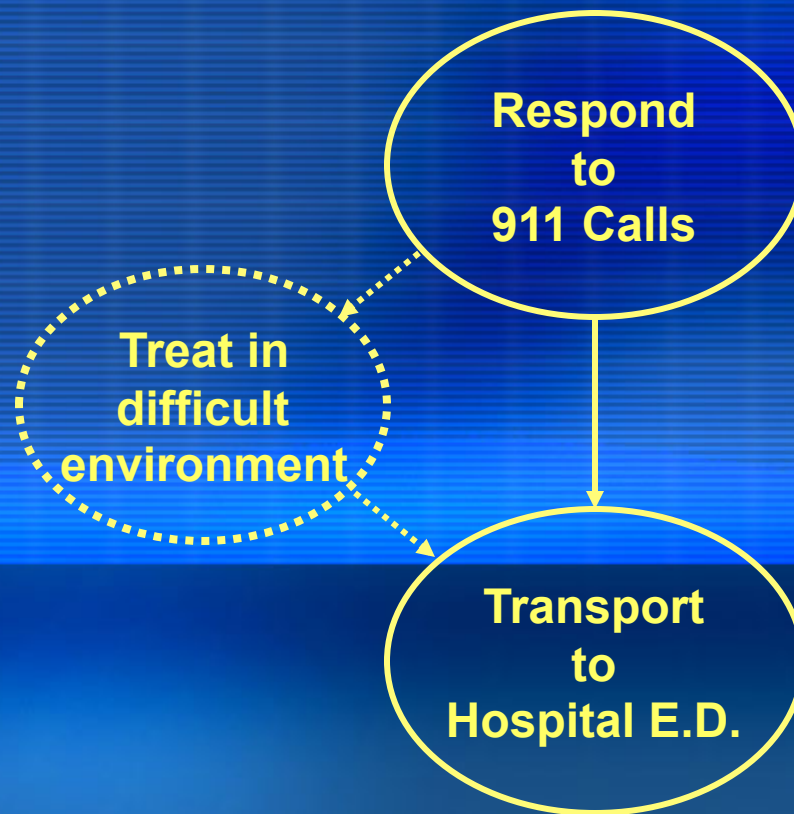
# The Three R's

- ✚ **Respond:** Critical medical emergencies occur and require an experienced paramedic to mitigate
- ✚ **Redirect:** Not all patients need an emergency dept evaluation – experienced paramedics can help with destination decisions
- ✚ **Reduce:** Well-person checks for diabetic patients, CHF patients, etc.





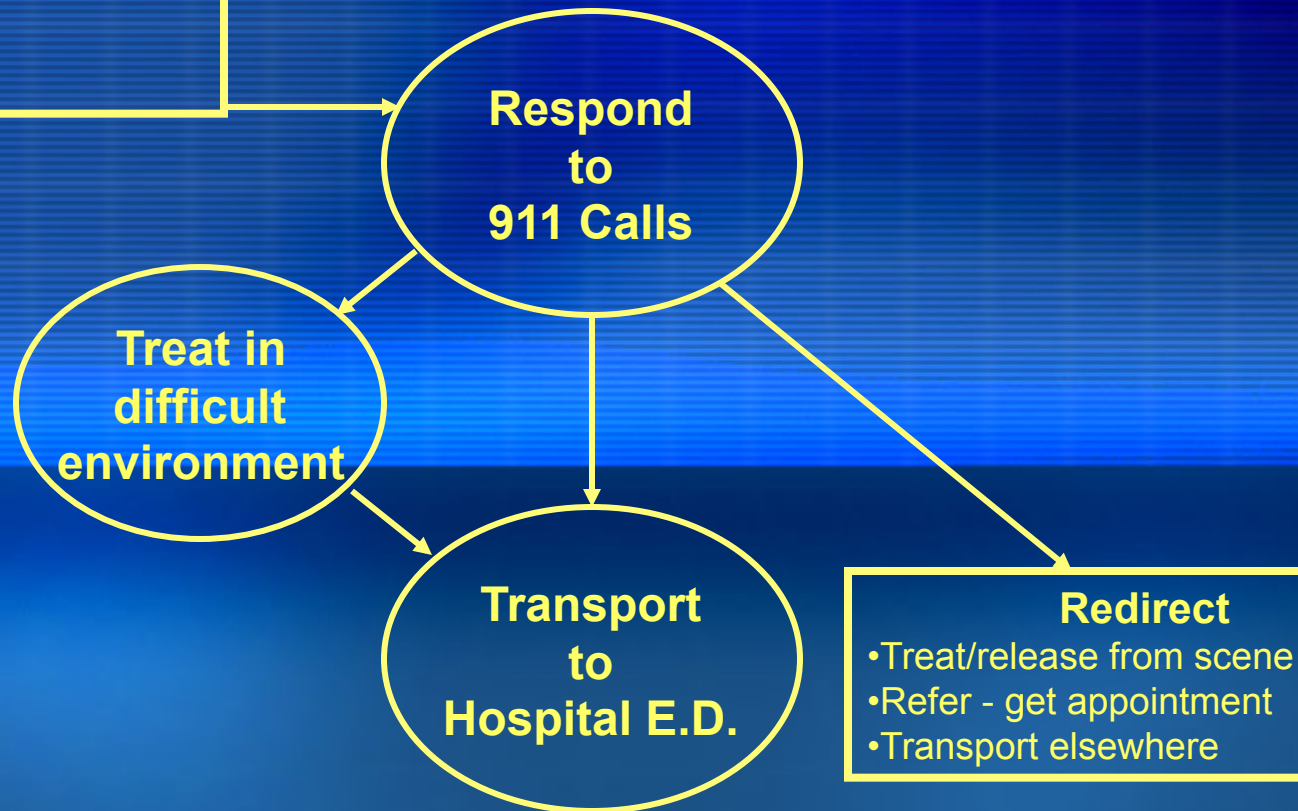
# Historical Scope of Service



# Desired Scope of Service

## Reduce 911 calls in Special Populations

- Repeat users (frequent flyers)
- Diabetes
- Pediatric Asthma
- CHF
- Homeless





# Falls In Assisted Living Facilities

- ✚ 1 to 5 transports per day for our EMS system
- ✚ Majority are patients who are “found down” with no obvious injury or complaint
- ✚ Risk creation strategy for the facility is to summon EMS for transport to the emergency department



# Inclusion Criteria

- ✚ Patient suffers and apparent fall (17 card for those of you MPDS folk)
- ✚ Fall in assisted living facility (not including SNF at this point)
- ✚ Patient of Doctors Making Housecalls group
- ✚ Informed consent form is on the patient's chart





# Exclusion Criteria

- ✚ Patient not under care of Doctors Making Housecalls
- ✚ Other emergency medical condition is identified – then dispatched based upon MPDS
- ✚ Advanced Practice Paramedic does not check en route within 45 minutes (rolls to non-emergent ambulance dispatch)



# Transport Required

- ✚ Uncontrolled hemorrhage
- ✚ Open/dislocated fracture
- ✚ Acute neck pain
- ✚ Altered mental status compared with baseline
- ✚ Laceration requiring repair
- ✚ Abnormal vital signs compared with baseline





# Transport Not Required

- ✚ Simple skin tear
- ✚ No complaint
- ✚ No external signs of trauma
- ✚ Hip pain with full range of motion and no change in ambulatory status



# Discuss with On-Call DMH MD

- ✚ Patient utilizing anticoagulation
- ✚ Unclear spinal exam
- ✚ Patient requiring pain control beyond that previously on DMH orders
- ✚ Abnormal lab values
- ✚ “Border line vitals”
- ✚ Other uncertainty regarding need for transport





# In All Cases

- ✚ **Advanced Practice Paramedics have real-time access to the DMH Electronic Medical Record**
- ✚ **This includes the ability to schedule a follow-up visit within 24 hours in every case, with 12 hour follow available if indicated**



# Falls in Assisted Living Facilities

- ✚ IRB approval is in place to study all such transports for the past year:
  - ✚ Evaluate safety of a decision tree that would allow APPs to evaluate patients on-site and avoid unnecessary transports
  - ✚ Determine proportion of patients with any findings on evaluation that required intervention
  - ✚ Determine costs associated with the evaluation





# Falls in Assisted Living Facilities

- ✚ 1500 such transports were made last year
- ✚ ~\$2.5 million dollars in healthcare expense
- ✚ Evaluation of the first 150 of these patients, 81% did not require admission and were discharged from the emergency department



# Falls in Assisted Living Facilities

- Prospective evaluation will begin soon (hopefully in next 6 months)
- Public/private partnership with Doctors Making Housecalls (DMH)
- No ambulance will be dispatched; rather, APP only to simple falls
- Common medical record with DMH
- On-going evaluation of safety and costs





# Low Acuity Callers

- ✚ Data Driven triage score
  - ✚ 1 very ill/injured
  - ✚ 2 and 3 need prompt evaluation
  - ✚ 4 and 5 – can safely go to the waiting room
- ✚ We are working to implement this scoring mechanism
- ✚ ~20% of our transports are level 4 and 5 (~\$3.5 million in transport charges per year)



# Summary

- ✚ **Better health:** we are providing the right destination at the right time for the right patient – this is better care for the patients
- ✚ **Better healthcare:** we are conserving scarce resources for the patients who need them while building surge capacity in both the prehospital and inhospital environments





# Summary

## ✚ Lower costs:

- ✚ Alternative Destinations for SA/MH = ~ \$350,000/year
- ✚ Falls in Assisted Living = ~\$1.75 million/year
- ✚ Low acuity transports = over \$1.75 million/year



