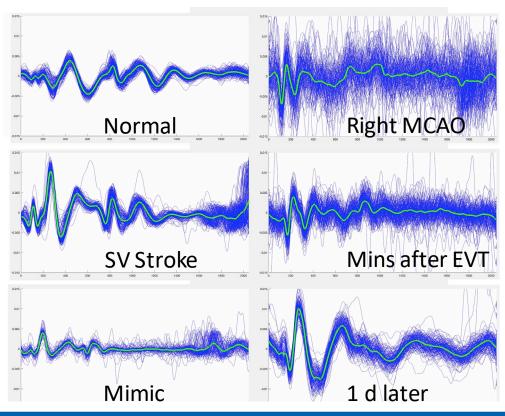
More Refrains About Various Lanes that Can Regain Brains:

Updates on Stroke Care Innovations

EPISODE Trial Update Results EPISODE-PS: hEad Pulse for Ischemic StrOke Detection Prehospital Study

Robert B. Dunne, MD
Chief Medical Consultant, City of Detroit
Medical Director Detroit East Medical Control Authority
Professor Wayne State University SOM
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Cranial Accelerometry: The headpulse





When combined with asymmetrical limb weakness

Sensitivity: 91%

• Specificity: 93%

Launched Prehospital Trial April 2021

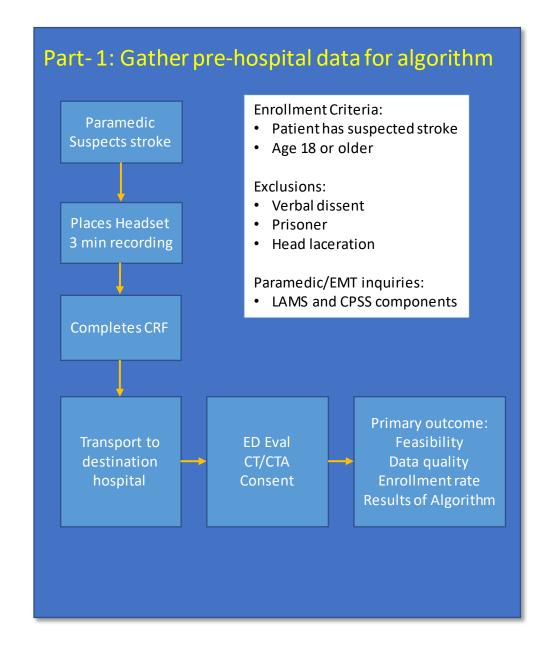
ORIGINAL WORK

A Unique Signature of Cardiac-Induced
Cranial Forces During Acute Large Vessel Stroke
and Development of a Predictive Model

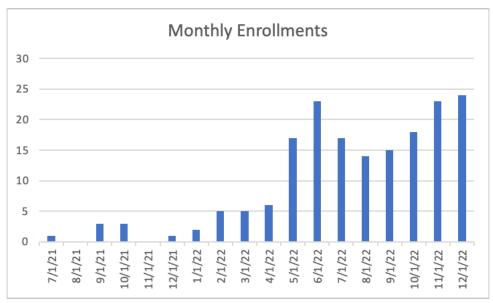
Smith WS et al, Neurocrit Care. 2020;33(1):58-63

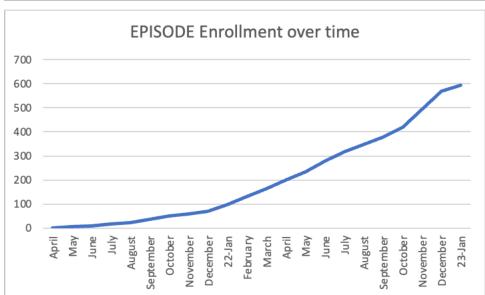
EPISODE-PS: Study Design

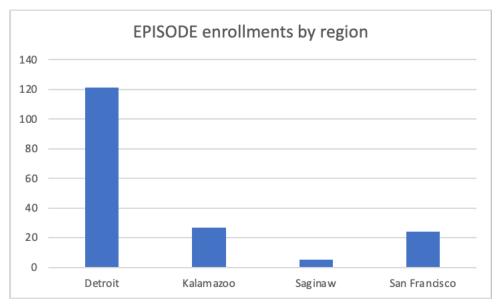
- Prospective, multi-center, blinded, observational study
- Prehospital, by EMT/Ps
- Suspected stroke subjects
- Cranial accelerometry recordings
- CT angiography was performed

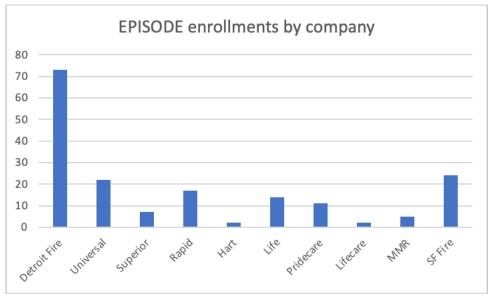


EPISODE-PS-COVID: hEad Pulse for Ischemic StrOke DEtection Prehospital Study during COVID-19 Pandemic









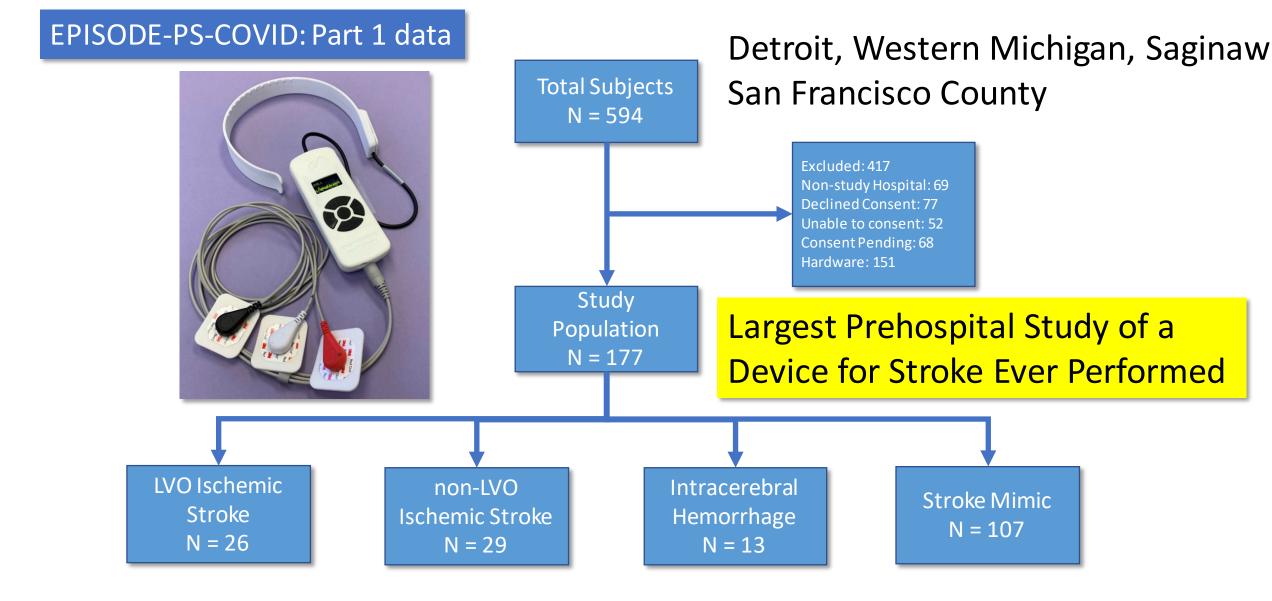


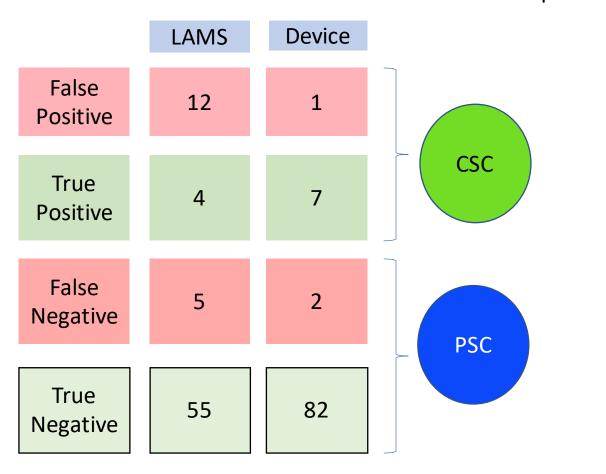
Figure 1: STARD Diagram of subjects. Non-study hospital are subjects who had a recording but were not transported to an IRB approved study hospital (data was deleted). Hardware issues included poor ECG recordings, excessive motion, and incorrect device placement. Subjects unable to consent left the hospital prior to study coordinator arrival.

EPISODE-PS-COVID: Preliminary Results Summary

- The device was 1.8 times more sensitive, and was more specific
- If used for prehospital triage, nearly twice as many LVO strokes would be identified and correctly triaged while fewer non-LVO stroke would be mistriaged and care delayed

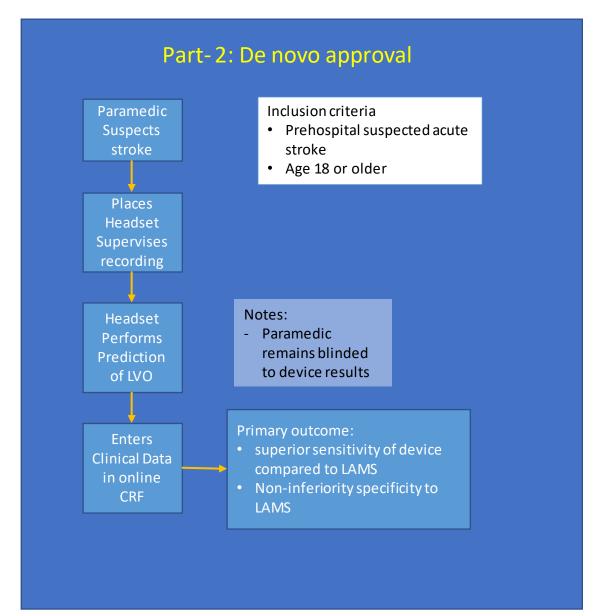
Category	Sensitivity	Specificity
Device Result	78%	99%
LAMS Score	44%	82%

P = 0.099 for superiority



EPISODE-VS: hEad Pulse for Ischemic StrOke DEtection Validation Study

- Pivotal Trial
- Working on final algorithm
- Headsets will be programmed, and part 2 trial will start
- Headset will complete and encrypt its result
- Trial will last 3-6 months



EPIOSODE-PS

Head Pulse For Ischemic Stroke Detection Prehospital Study During COVID-19 Pandemic

End of Part 1

James H. Paxton^{1,} John M. Wilburn^{1,} Stefanie L. Wise², Howard A. Klausner³, Matthew T. Ball³, Robert B. Dunne⁴, K. Derek Kreitel⁵, Larry F. Morgan⁶, William D. Fales⁶, Wade S. Smith⁷

- 1-Department of Emergency Medicine, Wayne State University School of Medicine, Detroit, Michigan
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- 3- Department of Emergency Medicine, Henry Ford Hospital, Detroit, Michigan
- 4- Department of Emergency Medicine, St. John Hospital and Medical Center, Detroit, Michigan
- 5- Department of Radiology, Western Michigan University Homer Stryker MD School of Medicine, Kalamazoo, Michigan
- 6- Department of Medicine, Western Michigan University Homer Stryker MD School of Medicine, Kalamazoo, Michigan
- 7- Department of Neurology, University of California, San Francisco

Strokes of Genius For CVAs

C. J. Winckler MD, LP
David Miramontes MD, EMTP





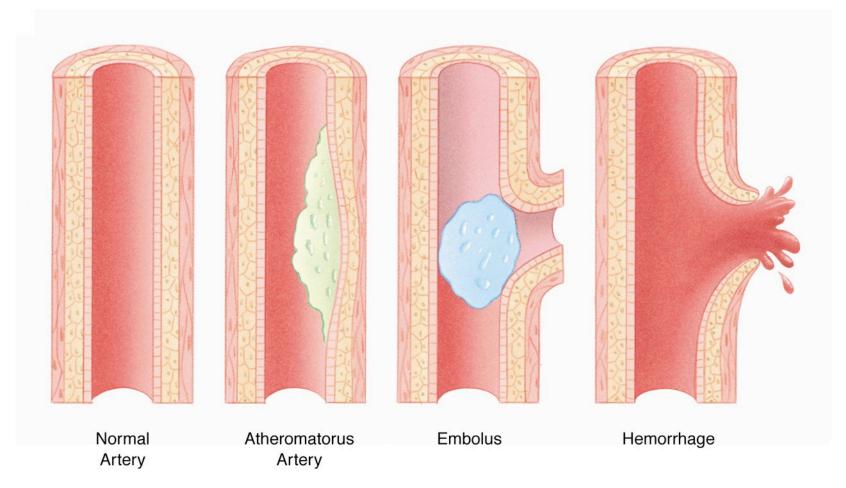


How Can We Regain Brain Lane?

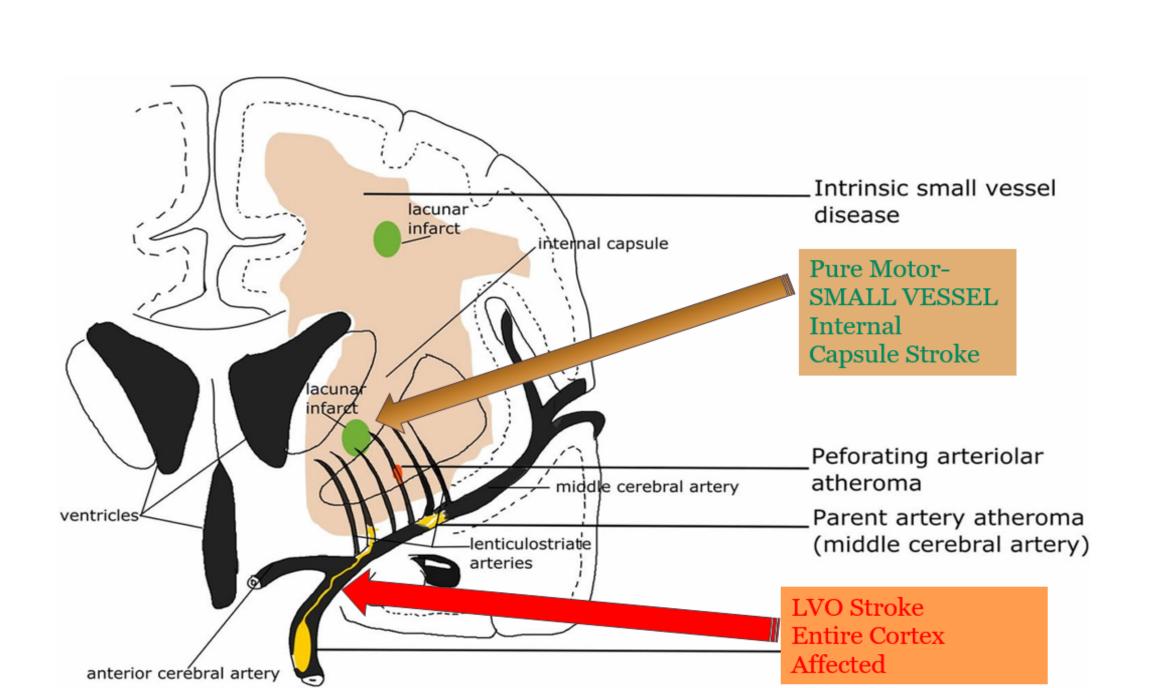




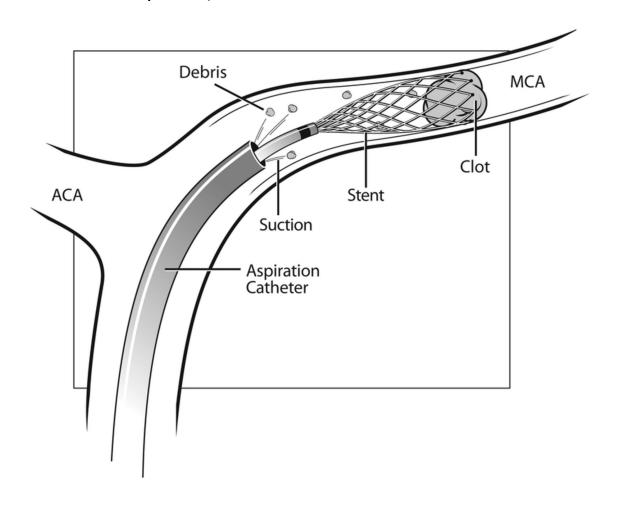
Etiology Overview



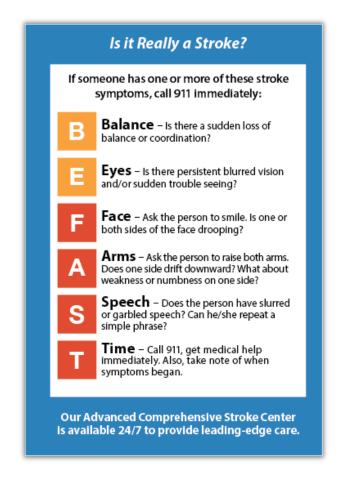
87% ischemic 13% Hemorrhagic



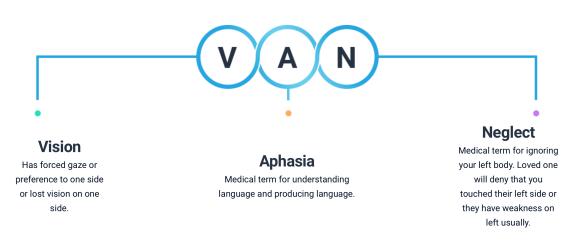
Mechanical Thrombectomy with Combined Stentreiver and Aspiration ("Solumbra technique")



SCREEN with BEFAST—then Check Severity with VAN



Have Arm Weakness ??



Do You have ARM WEAKNESS? Then VAN

- + Vision = Patient looking preferentially to one side
- *Gaze usually away from the side of weakness
- *Vision loss usually same side as weakness (2 fingers left, 1 finger right)
- + Aphasia = Patient looks at simple objects but can't name them (pen, watch), can't follow commands (close eyes, make fist)
- *Usually goes with right sided weakness
- + Neglect = Patient ignores left side when both sides are touched simultaneously
- *usually goes with left sided weakness

Neglect Step Testing:

With eyes closed, ask patient to say "left, right, or both" when arms are touched.

Touch right, then left, then both together, asking for a response after each stimulus.

- **Neglect is positive when patient is only able to identify that the right side was touched, when in fact both sides were touched at the same time**
- **Brainstem stroke should be considered with decrease LOC and impaired eye movements/diplopia**

Information needed to call triage:

Pt name / Age / DOB / Sex / LKN 00:00 / VAN findings / ETA / Call back number



Regional Stroke Alert Criteria

One or more findings on either the Cincinnati Pre-hospital **OR** BEFAST Stroke Assessment

Stroke:

Cincinnati Pre-Hospital OR

- Facial Droop
- Arm Drift--Assess for LVO
- Speech

BEFAST Stroke Assessment

- Balance
- Eyes
- Facial Droop
- Arm Drift--Assess for LVO
- Speech

--AND--

Time--Last Known Well Time less than 6 hours.

--AND--

Blood Glucose: Between 60mg/dL – 600mg/dL.

** Per AHA Guidelines, for <u>any</u> STROKE criteria and transport time is less than 45 min, transport to nearest Stroke Center.

Large Vessel Occlusion (LVO):

If Unilateral Arm Weakness (Drift) from Stroke Assessment Plus Any One of the Following:

- Visual Disturbance
- Aphasia
- Neglect

--AND--

Last Known Well Time less than 24 hours.

--AND--

Blood Glucose: Between 60mg/dL – 600mg/dL.

**Per AHA Guidelines, for <u>any</u> Large Vessel Occlusion criteria and transport time is less than 45 min, transport to nearest Thrombectomy Ready or Comprehensive Stroke Center.

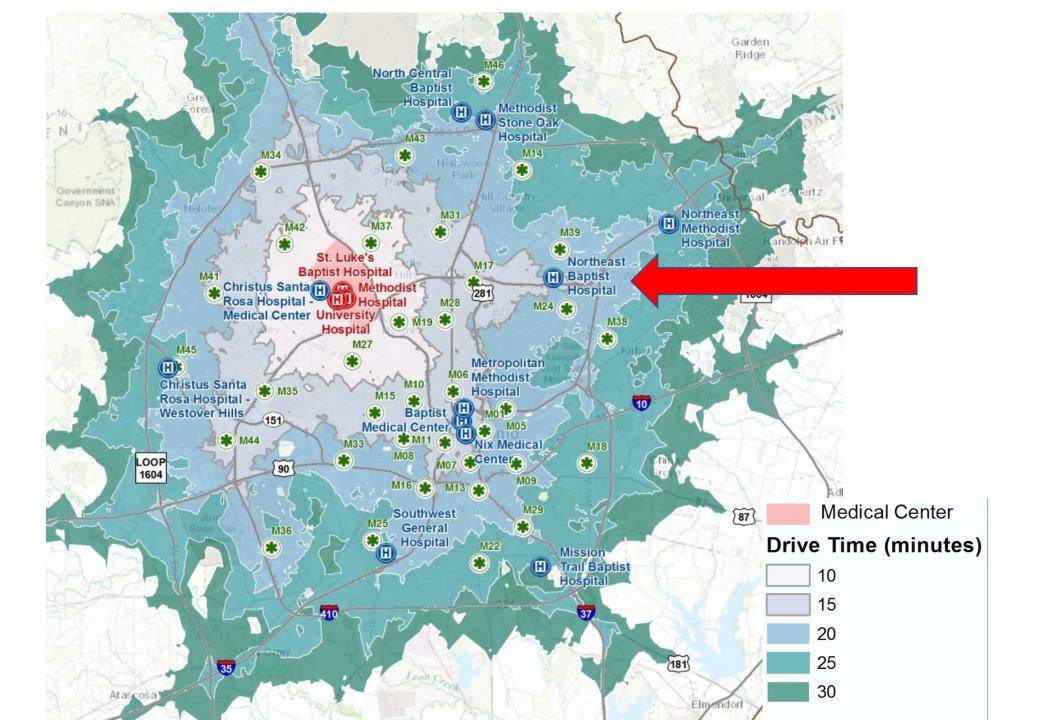
EMS Bypass to Comprehensive (CSC)

- VAN Positive < 24 hrs BYPASS Closest Primary Stroke Center!!!!
- GO To CSC by Protocol

Call OMD On Call for Bypass

- "Really Bad Stroke"
- Intubated
- LOW GCS or Blown Pupil
- DAWN or Wake up strokes < 24 hrs
- Not eligible TPA- on anticoagulants





Paramedic utilization of Vision, Aphasia, Neglect (VAN) stroke severity scale in the prehospital setting predicts emergent large vessel occlusion stroke

Lee Birnbaum, ¹ David Wampler ¹ , ² Arash Shadman, ³ Mateja de Leonni Stanonik, ³ Michele Patterson, ⁴ Emily Kidd, ⁵ Jeanette Tovar, ⁶ Ashley Garza, ⁶ Bonnie Blanchard, ⁷ Lara Slesnick, ⁸ Adam Blanchette, ⁷ David Miramontes ²

Birnbaum L, et al. J NeuroIntervent Surg 2020;**0**:1–5. doi:10.1136/neurintsurg-2020-016054

	ELVO or	ELVO or any ICH			
	VAN		NIHSS ≥6		
Outcome	%	95% CI	%	95% CI	
Sensitivity	82.9	74.3 to 89.5	85.7	77.5 to 91.8	
Specificity	42.7	35.5 to 50.2	57.8	50.4 to 65.1	
PPV	45.1	41.4 to 48.9	53.6	48.9 to 58.2	
NPV	81.4	73.6 to 87.3	87.7	81.5 to 92.1	
Accuracy	57.2	51.3 to 63.0	67.9	62.2 to 73.3	

How to Regain Brain Lane— It Starts With Dispatch then Medic Unit

Weakness PLUS... V Vision

A Aphasia

N Neglect

- Get Report from Fire Crew
- Confirm Blood Glucose
- BEFAST Exam
- VAN Assessment
- Get Witness Name and Cell # for Neurologist- Note in Pin Pad
- Declare Stroke Alert and call receiving Comprehensive Stroke Center with brief radio report
- Load patient and do IV, EKG and other treatments enroute!!
- Platinum 10 Minutes on scene

Bring stretcher toward the patient on arrival.

[&]quot;ACME General CSC, Medic 24 has a LVO
Positive Stroke Alert...onset at 1530 hrs. eta is
12 minutes"

Final words

- BE FAST
- Platinum Ten minutes for EMS on scene
- Rapid Assessment for Stroke Alert Criteria
- VAN Score
- CALL COMPREHENSIVE STROKE CENTER early while Loading patient.
- Do IV/ EKG and other procedures en route
- MIST Hand OFF



Albuquerque Fire Rescue Stroke Follow Up

Kimberly Pruett, MD





HEART Basic Evaluation And Treatment for Stroke

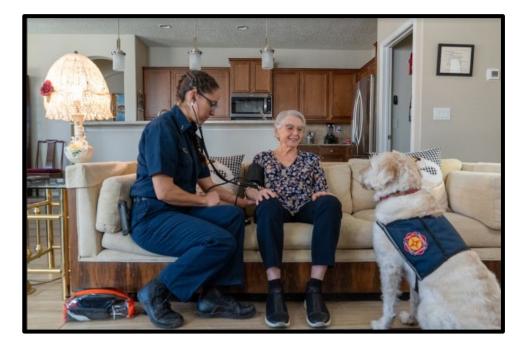
Download from

Stroke Follow Ups

- Referral from UNM
 - 24-72 hrs. of discharge
- Mon-Fri 0800-1530
 - 2 hours per visit
- 30/60/90 days
- 6 month
- 9 month
- One year
- Models C3 FIT study

Assessment Tools

- NIH Stroke Scale
- Stroke Impact Scale
- Moritsky Medication Adherence Scale
- PHQ-9 Depression Screening
- Modified Caregiver Strain Index
- Katz Index of Independence (ADLs)
- Fire and Fall Risk assessment





Coordination of Care

- Follow up appointments
 - Home health presence
 - Physical therapy
- Medication access
- Uber rides for appointments
- Food Security





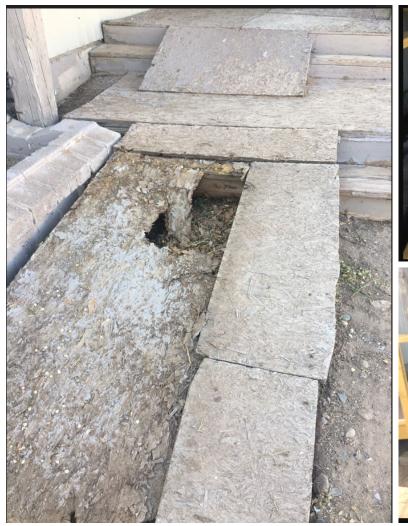




Home Modifications

- Grab bars
- Wheelchair Ramps
- Bed rails
- Door Widening

Over 500 Assist Devices Installed







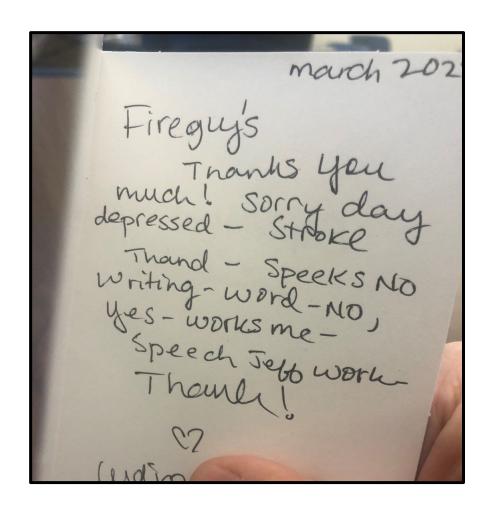
50% Reduction In Hospital Readmission Compared to Non-Enrolled Survivors!!

Totals:

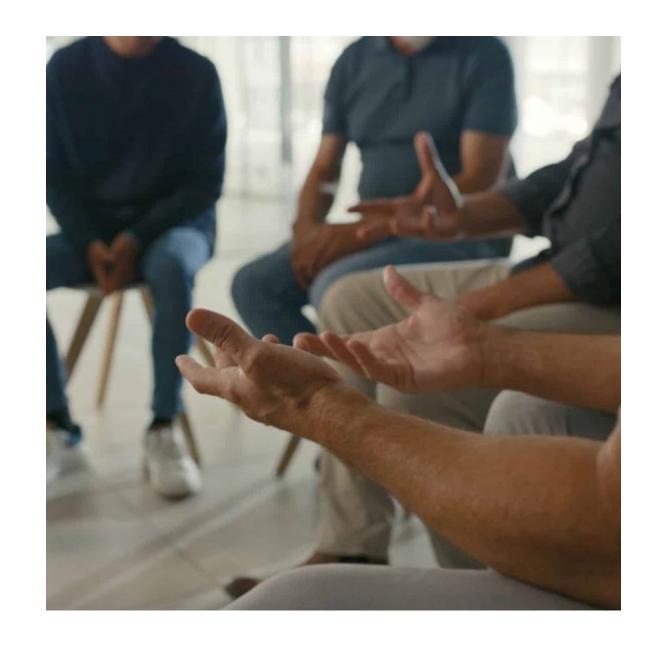
- 356 Referred / 113 Enrolled
- 33 graduated so far
- 75% need home modifications

Results:

- Biggest impact on medication access and adherence
- Significant improvement in PHQ-9 depression score
- NIHSS improvement
- Only 20 EMS activations by enrolled patients in 2 years
- 37% decrease in mortality
 - 7 non-enrolled patients died (4.6%) vs 1 enrolled (2.5%)



Caregiver and Stroke Survivor Support Group



Questions